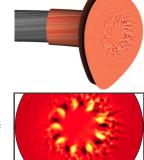
Nonlinear interaction of turbulence and energetic particles in tokamak plasmas, De Vinci Research Center, Paris

A. Biancalani, A. Bottino, D. Del Sarto, R. Dumont, M. V. Falessi, T. Hayward-Schneider, P. Lauber, B. McMillan, A. Mishchenko, B. Rettino, B. Rofman, J. N. Sama, F. Vannini, L. Villard, G. Vlad, X. Wang and F. Zonca

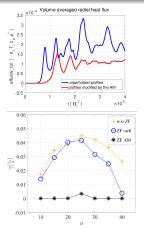
- Turbulence develops in tokamak plasmas due to temperature gradients between the core and the edge
- Alfvén Modes (AM) are electromagnetic oscillations, driven unstable in tokamak plasmas by energetic particles (EP)
- Coexistence of microturbulence, mesoscale zonal flows, and global AMs has been observed in gyrokinetic simulations



A. Biancalani, et al, Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion 63, 065009 (2021)

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- Two mechanisms have been isolated: the effect of the profile relaxation by the AM, and the effect of the zonal flow forced-driven by the AM
- The heat flux carried by turbulence is found to be reduced when the profiles modified by the AM are used
- The turbulence modes are also found to be stabilized when the zonal flow forced-driven by the AM are imposed
- A. Biancalani, et al, J. Plasma Phys., 2023
- J. N. Sama, et al, EPS Conf. on Plasma Phys., 2023



Invited talk of J. N. SAMA, ICTO conference "Collective Behavior in Complex Systems", Paris La Defense, June 27th-28th, 2024

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