Cell stress response driven by negative feedback: homeostasis and much more

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Living cells use signaling and regulatory mechanisms to adapt to environmental stresses. An ubiquitous feature of stress-response pathways is the role of negative-feedback regulatory loops in maintaining intracellular homeostasis, thereby counteracting and minimizing deleterious effects of stress exposure [1– 3]. While the role of negative feedback in contributing to homeostasis can be qualitatively understood from linear response considerations, such feedback motif also mediates a "nonlinear transient response" whose amplitude and duration can strongly impact downstream life- death fate-decision pathways, such as apoptotic or necroptotic responses [4,5]. This issue is first illustrated with experimental and modeling insights of the heat shock response of mammalian cells [6,7]. We then propose a model coupling a negative-feedback 'homeostasis' module with a positive-feedback "loss-of-homeostasis" module to address the impact of transient dynamics on life-death fate decision. Nonlinear dynamical analysis of such low-dimensional model portrays how negative feedback-driven transient dynamics shapes important characteristics of survival curves. We could for instance show how negative feedback characteristics strongly influence (i) the scaling behavior of iso-dose survival curves in the space of stress profile characteristics [8], and (ii) the probabilistic behavior of cell-fate responses by amplifying intrinsic noise [9]. This gives a glimpse of the multifaceted role of feedback-driven nonlinear behavior in cell stress response.

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