

# Spirographic motion in a vortex

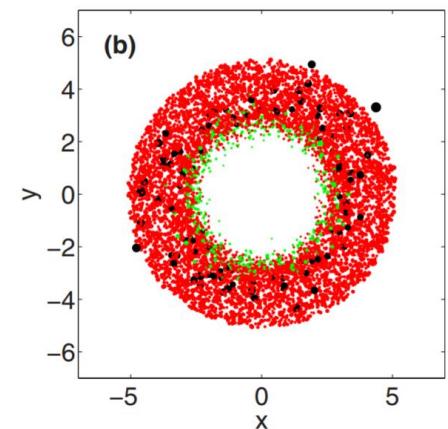
Sumithra Reddy Yerasi,<sup>1</sup> Rama Govindarajan,<sup>2</sup> Dario Vincenzi<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University Côte d'Azur, CNRS, LJAD, Nice, France

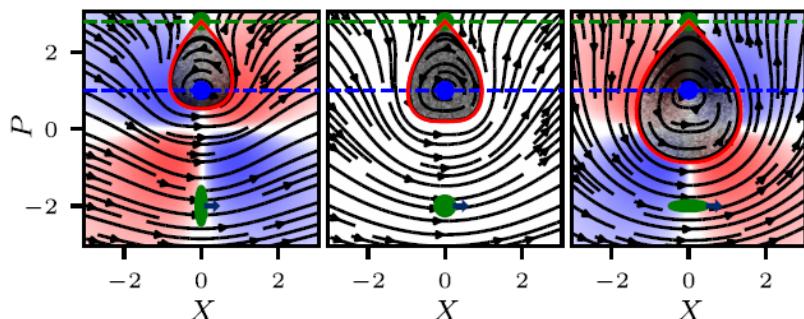
<sup>2</sup>ICTS-TIFR, Bangalore, India

## Particle dynamics in a single vortex

Droplets and  
heavy particles



Microswimmers



Arguedas-Leiva et al., NJP 22, 053051, (2020)

Deepu et al., PRF 2, 024305 (2017)

✓ Point-like particles

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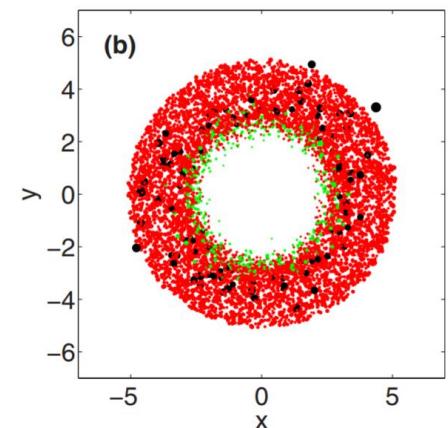
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## Particle dynamics in a single vortex

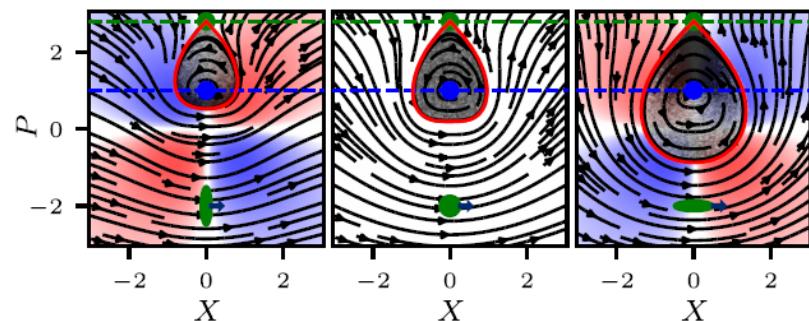
Droplets and heavy particles



Deepu et al., PRF 2, 024305 (2017)

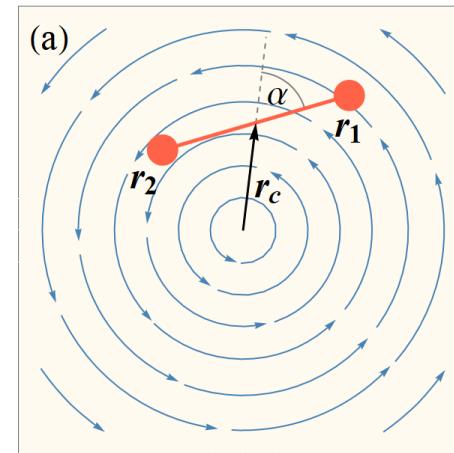
✓ Point-like particles

Microswimmers



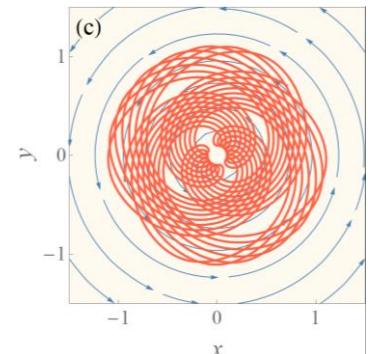
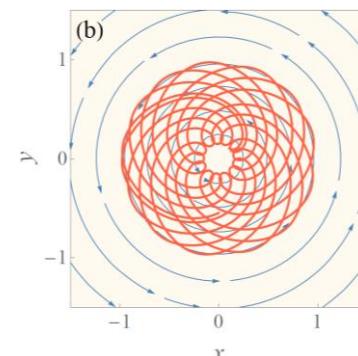
Arguedas-Leiva et al., NJP 22, 053051, (2020)

## Dumbbell dynamics in a 2D vortex



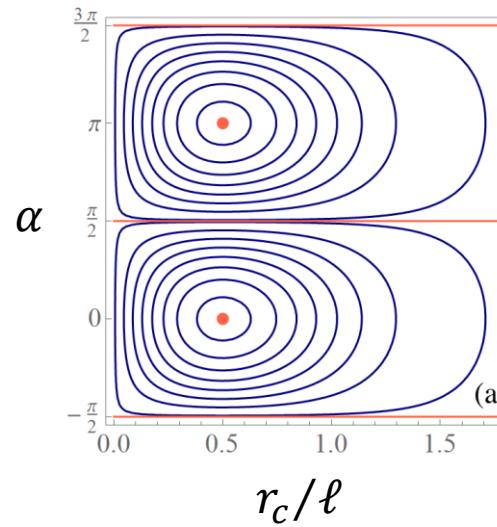
✓ Non point-like

## Spirographic trajectories

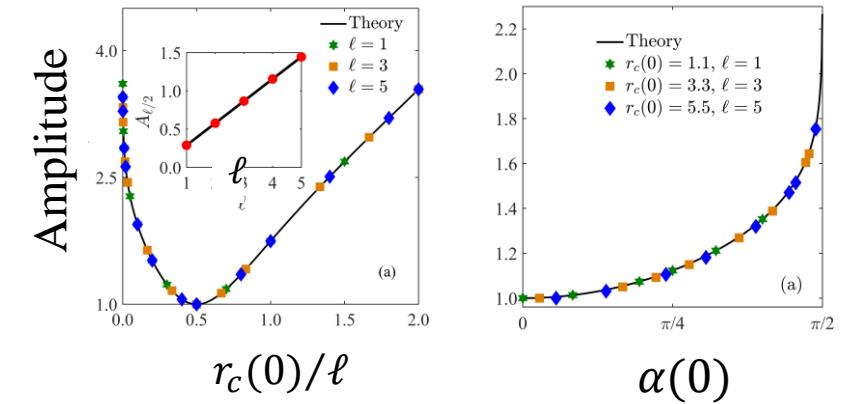


$(r_c/\ell) e^{-2r_c^2/\ell^2} \cos \alpha$  is a constant of motion  
irrespective of the functional form of the vortex

Decreasing  
angular velocity

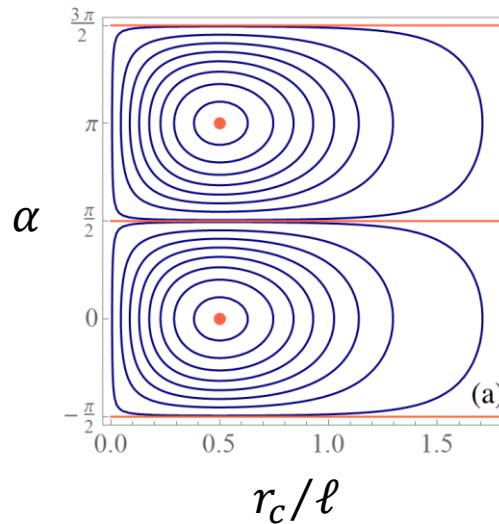


Trajectories form a family of closed orbits

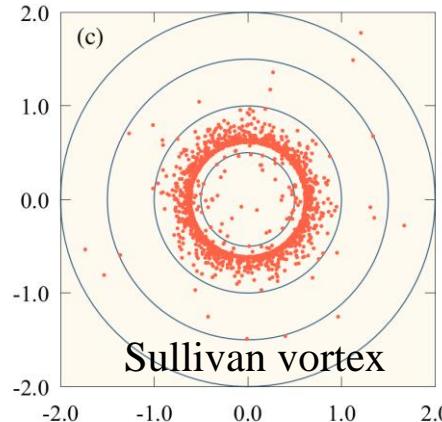
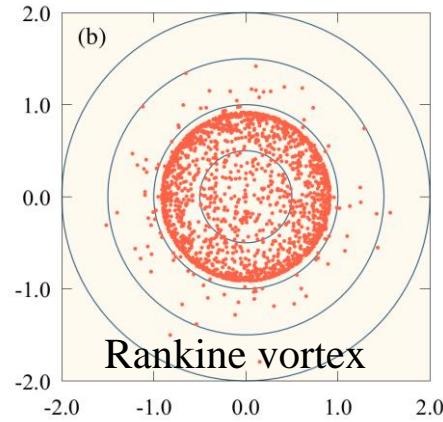
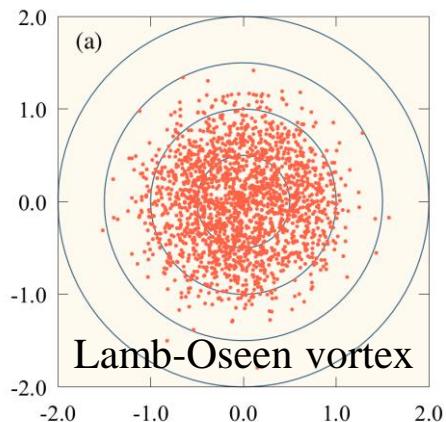


$(r_c/\ell) e^{-2r_c^2/\ell^2} \cos \alpha$  is a constant of motion  
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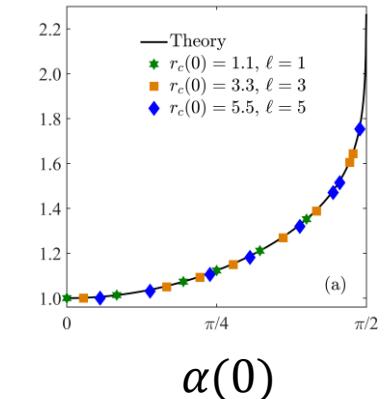
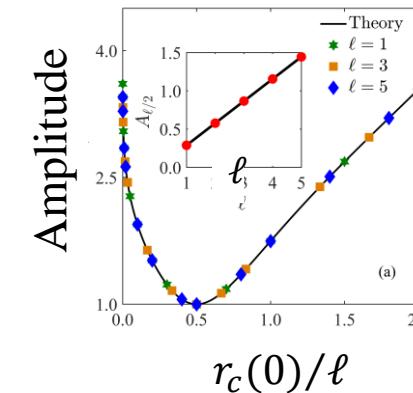
Decreasing  
angular velocity



Non-decreasing angular velocity



Trajectories form a family of closed orbits



- Attracting set acts as a transport barrier
- Specific pattern emerges in the spatial distribution of multiple dumbbells