Negative group velocity state in soft composites triggered via applied deformation

Nitesh Arora¹, Yao Qi¹, Viacheslav Slesarenko², Jian Li³, Pavel Galich⁴, & Stephan Rudykh¹

¹ Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Wisconsin–Madison, Madison, WI 53706, USA

² Lavrentyev Institute of Hydrodynamics of SB RAS, Lavrentyev av., 15, Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia

³ Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA

⁴ Aerospace Engineering, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, 32003, Israel narora7@wisc.edu

Acoustic metamaterials allow us to access unusual properties that can be tailored through their microstructure design. Moreover, soft microstructured materials open the possibility to control and tune these properties through deformation [1,2]. Here, we reveal the existence of a state in soft composites – layered and 3D fiber composites, characterized by negative group velocity. Interestingly, the transition in the state from positive to negative group velocity is not accompanied by significant geometrical changes and can be reversibly controlled via applied deformation. We further discuss how this unusual state of negative group velocity can be induced and further tuned by variations in the material and geometric parameters.

References

- 1. S. RUDYKH & M. C. BOYCE, Transforming wave propagation in layered media via instability-induced interfacial wrinkling, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **112**, 034301 (2014).
- 2. V. SLESARENKO, P. I. GALICH, J. LI, N. X. FANG & S. RUDYKH, Foreshadowing elastic instabilities by negative group velocity in soft composites, *Appl. Phys. Lett.*, **113**, 031901 (2018).