



Laser Chimeras as a Paradigm for Multi-stable Patterns in Complex Dynamics of Delay Systems

Bogdan Penkovsky¹, Laurent Larger¹, & Yuri Maistrenko^{1,2}

¹FEMTO-ST / Optics Dept., UMR CNRS 6174, University of Franche-Comté, 15B Avenue des Montboucons, 25030 Besançon Cedex, France

²Institute of Mathematics and Center for Medical and Biotechnical Research, NAS of Ukraine, Tereshchenkivska Str. 3, 01601 Kyiv, Ukraine



The Ikeda model with integral term

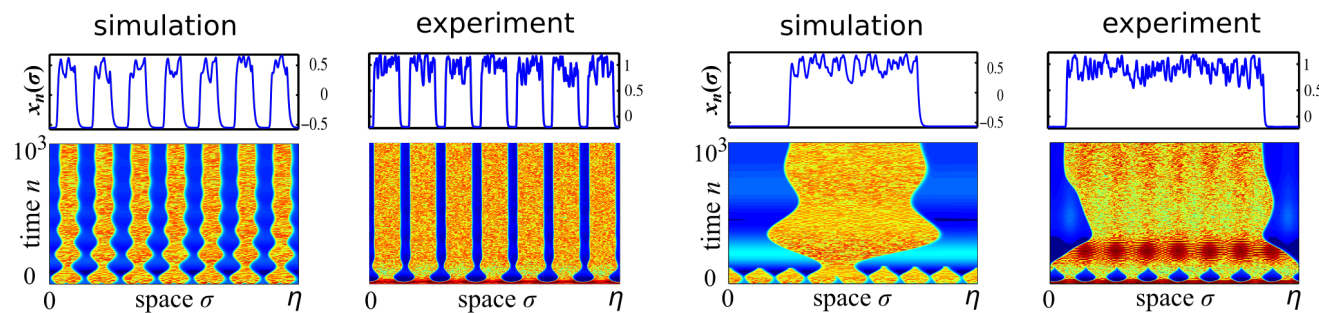
$$\varepsilon \dot{x} = -x - \delta \int_{t_0}^t x(\xi) d\xi + \beta F[x(t - \tau)]$$

ε and δ are small parameters, β is gain,

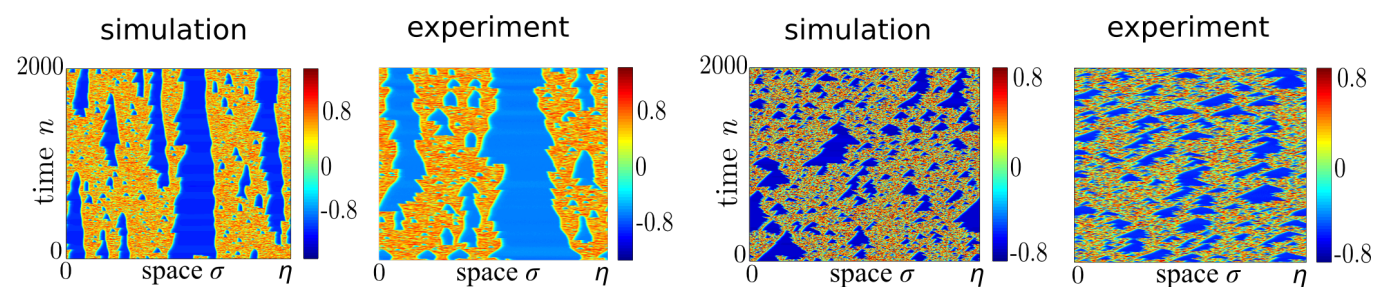
$$F[x] = [1 + m \sin^2(x + \Phi_0)]^{-1},$$

$m = 4$, $\Phi_0 = -0.4$.

Chimera states observation



Spatio-temporal intermittency (with increase of β)



$\beta=2.4$

$\beta=4$

Parametric point A: $(\varepsilon, \delta) = (0.005, 0.008)$.

Chimera multistability

